

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname		Other names	
<b>Pearson Edexcel</b>		Centre Number	Candidate Number
<b>Level 3 GCE</b>		<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
<b>Friday 7 June 2019</b>			
Afternoon (Time: 2 hours)		Paper Reference <b>9PS0/02</b>	
<b>Psychology</b> <b>Advanced</b> <b>Paper 2: Applications of Psychology</b>			
You do not need any other materials.			Total Marks

### Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **ALL** questions in Section **A**. Answer ALL questions from **one** of the three options in Section **B**.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided  
– *there may be more space than you need.*

### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 90.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets  
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*
- The list of formulae and statistical tables are printed at the start of this paper.
- Candidates may use a calculator.

### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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## FORMULAE AND STATISTICAL TABLES

### Standard deviation (sample estimate)

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{\sum(x - \bar{x})^2}{n - 1}\right)}$$

### Spearman's rank correlation coefficient

$$1 - \frac{6 \sum d^2}{n(n^2 - 1)}$$

### Critical values for Spearman's rank

Level of significance for a one-tailed test					
	0.05	0.025	0.01	0.005	0.0025
Level of significance for a two-tailed test					
N	0.10	0.05	0.025	0.01	0.005
5	0.900	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
6	0.829	0.886	0.943	1.000	1.000
7	0.714	0.786	0.893	0.929	0.964
8	0.643	0.738	0.833	0.881	0.905
9	0.600	0.700	0.783	0.833	0.867
10	0.564	0.648	0.745	0.794	0.830
11	0.536	0.618	0.709	0.755	0.800
12	0.503	0.587	0.678	0.727	0.769
13	0.484	0.560	0.648	0.703	0.747
14	0.464	0.538	0.626	0.679	0.723
15	0.446	0.521	0.604	0.654	0.700
16	0.429	0.503	0.582	0.635	0.679
17	0.414	0.485	0.566	0.615	0.662
18	0.401	0.472	0.550	0.600	0.643
19	0.391	0.460	0.535	0.584	0.628
20	0.380	0.447	0.520	0.570	0.612
21	0.370	0.435	0.508	0.556	0.599
22	0.361	0.425	0.496	0.544	0.586
23	0.353	0.415	0.486	0.532	0.573
24	0.344	0.406	0.476	0.521	0.562
25	0.337	0.398	0.466	0.511	0.551
26	0.331	0.390	0.457	0.501	0.541
27	0.324	0.382	0.448	0.491	0.531
28	0.317	0.375	0.440	0.483	0.522
29	0.312	0.368	0.433	0.475	0.513
30	0.306	0.362	0.425	0.467	0.504

The calculated value must be equal to or exceed the critical value in this table for significance to be shown.



### Chi-squared distribution formula

$$X^2 = \sum \frac{(O-E)^2}{E}$$

$$df = (r - 1)(c - 1)$$

### Critical values for chi-squared distribution

Level of significance for a one-tailed test						
	0.10	0.05	0.025	0.01	0.005	0.0005
Level of significance for a two-tailed test						
df	0.20	0.10	0.05	0.025	0.01	0.001
1	1.64	2.71	3.84	5.02	6.64	10.83
2	3.22	4.61	5.99	7.38	9.21	13.82
3	4.64	6.25	7.82	9.35	11.35	16.27
4	5.99	7.78	9.49	11.14	13.28	18.47
5	7.29	9.24	11.07	12.83	15.09	20.52
6	8.56	10.65	12.59	14.45	16.81	22.46
7	9.80	12.02	14.07	16.01	18.48	24.32
8	11.03	13.36	15.51	17.54	20.09	26.12
9	12.24	14.68	16.92	19.02	21.67	27.88
10	13.44	15.99	18.31	20.48	23.21	29.59
11	14.63	17.28	19.68	21.92	24.73	31.26
12	15.81	18.55	21.03	23.34	26.22	32.91
13	16.99	19.81	22.36	24.74	27.69	34.53
14	18.15	21.06	23.69	26.12	29.14	36.12
15	19.31	22.31	25.00	27.49	30.58	37.70
16	20.47	23.54	26.30	28.85	32.00	39.25
17	21.62	24.77	27.59	30.19	33.41	40.79
18	22.76	25.99	28.87	31.53	34.81	42.31
19	23.90	27.20	30.14	32.85	36.19	43.82
20	25.04	28.41	31.41	34.17	37.57	45.32
21	26.17	29.62	32.67	35.48	38.93	46.80
22	27.30	30.81	33.92	36.78	40.29	48.27
23	28.43	32.01	35.17	38.08	41.64	49.73
24	29.55	33.20	36.42	39.36	42.98	51.18
25	30.68	34.38	37.65	40.65	44.31	52.62
26	31.80	35.56	38.89	41.92	45.64	54.05
27	32.91	36.74	40.11	43.20	46.96	55.48
28	34.03	37.92	41.34	44.46	48.28	56.89
29	35.14	39.09	42.56	45.72	49.59	58.30
30	36.25	40.26	43.77	46.98	50.89	59.70
40	47.27	51.81	55.76	59.34	63.69	73.40
50	58.16	63.17	67.51	71.42	76.15	86.66
60	68.97	74.40	79.08	83.30	88.38	99.61
70	79.72	85.53	90.53	95.02	100.43	112.32

The calculated value must be equal to or exceed the critical value in this table for significance to be shown.



P 5 7 0 6 4 A 0 3 5 6

### Mann-Whitney U test formulae

$$U_a = n_a n_b + \frac{n_a(n_a+1)}{2} - \sum R_a$$

$$U_b = n_a n_b + \frac{n_b(n_b+1)}{2} - \sum R_b$$

(U is the smaller of  $U_a$  and  $U_b$ )

### Critical values for the Mann-Whitney U test

$N_a$	$N_b$															
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
<b><math>p \leq 0.05</math> (one-tailed), <math>p \leq 0.10</math> (two-tailed)</b>																
<b>5</b>	4	5	6	8	9	11	12	13	15	16	18	19	20	22	23	25
<b>6</b>	5	7	8	10	12	14	16	17	19	21	23	25	26	28	30	32
<b>7</b>	6	8	11	13	15	17	19	21	24	26	28	30	33	35	37	39
<b>8</b>	8	10	13	15	18	20	23	26	28	31	33	36	39	41	44	47
<b>9</b>	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36	39	42	45	48	51	54
<b>10</b>	11	14	17	20	24	27	31	34	37	41	44	48	51	55	58	62
<b>11</b>	12	16	19	23	27	31	34	38	42	46	50	54	57	61	65	69
<b>12</b>	13	17	21	26	30	34	38	42	47	51	55	60	64	68	72	77
<b>13</b>	15	19	24	28	33	37	42	47	51	56	61	65	70	75	80	84
<b>14</b>	16	21	26	31	36	41	46	51	56	61	66	71	77	82	87	92
<b>15</b>	18	23	28	33	39	44	50	55	61	66	72	77	83	88	94	100
<b>16</b>	19	25	30	36	42	48	54	60	65	71	77	83	89	95	101	107
<b>17</b>	20	26	33	39	45	51	57	64	70	77	83	89	96	102	109	115
<b>18</b>	22	28	35	41	48	55	61	68	75	82	88	95	102	109	116	123
<b>19</b>	23	30	37	44	51	58	65	72	80	87	94	101	109	116	123	130
<b>20</b>	25	32	39	47	54	62	69	77	84	92	100	107	115	123	130	138



$N_a$	$N_b$															
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
<b><math>p \leq 0.01</math> (one-tailed), <math>p \leq 0.02</math> (two-tailed)</b>																
<b>5</b>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
<b>6</b>	2	3	4	6	7	8	9	11	12	13	15	16	18	19	20	22
<b>7</b>	3	4	6	7	9	11	12	14	16	17	19	21	23	24	26	28
<b>8</b>	4	6	7	9	11	13	15	17	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34
<b>9</b>	5	7	9	11	14	16	18	21	23	26	28	31	33	36	38	40
<b>10</b>	6	8	11	13	16	19	22	24	27	30	33	36	38	41	44	47
<b>11</b>	7	9	12	15	18	22	25	28	31	34	37	41	44	47	50	53
<b>12</b>	8	11	14	17	21	24	28	31	35	38	42	46	49	53	56	60
<b>13</b>	9	12	16	20	23	27	31	35	39	43	47	51	55	59	63	67
<b>14</b>	10	13	17	22	26	30	34	38	43	47	51	56	60	65	69	73
<b>15</b>	11	15	19	24	28	33	37	42	47	51	56	61	66	70	75	80
<b>16</b>	12	16	21	26	31	36	41	46	51	56	61	66	71	76	82	87
<b>17</b>	13	18	23	28	33	38	44	49	55	60	66	71	77	82	88	93
<b>18</b>	14	19	24	30	36	41	47	53	59	65	70	76	82	88	94	100
<b>19</b>	15	20	26	32	38	44	50	56	63	69	75	82	88	94	101	107
<b>20</b>	16	22	28	34	40	47	53	60	67	73	80	87	93	100	107	114

$N_a$	$N_b$															
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
<b><math>p \leq 0.025</math> (one-tailed), <math>p \leq 0.05</math> (two-tailed)</b>																
<b>5</b>	2	3	5	6	7	8	9	11	12	13	14	15	17	18	19	20
<b>6</b>	3	5	6	8	10	11	13	14	16	17	19	21	22	24	25	27
<b>7</b>	5	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34
<b>8</b>	6	8	10	13	15	17	19	22	24	26	29	31	34	36	38	41
<b>9</b>	7	10	12	15	17	20	23	26	28	31	34	37	39	42	45	48
<b>10</b>	8	11	14	17	20	23	26	29	33	36	39	42	45	48	52	55
<b>11</b>	9	13	16	19	23	26	30	33	37	40	44	47	51	55	58	62
<b>12</b>	11	14	18	22	26	29	33	37	41	45	49	53	57	61	65	69
<b>13</b>	12	16	20	24	28	33	37	41	45	50	54	59	63	67	72	76
<b>14</b>	13	17	22	26	31	36	40	45	50	55	59	64	67	74	78	83
<b>15</b>	14	19	24	29	34	39	44	49	54	59	64	70	75	80	85	90
<b>16</b>	15	21	26	31	37	42	47	53	59	64	70	75	81	86	92	98
<b>17</b>	17	22	28	34	39	45	51	57	63	67	75	81	87	93	99	105
<b>18</b>	18	24	30	36	42	48	55	61	67	74	80	86	93	99	106	112
<b>19</b>	19	25	32	38	45	52	58	65	72	78	85	92	99	106	113	119
<b>20</b>	20	27	34	41	48	55	62	69	76	83	90	98	105	112	119	127



$N_a$	$N_b$															
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
<b><math>p \leq 0.005</math> (one-tailed), <math>p \leq 0.01</math> (two-tailed)</b>																
<b>5</b>	0	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
<b>6</b>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	9	10	11	12	13	15	16	17	18
<b>7</b>	1	3	4	6	7	9	10	12	13	15	16	18	19	21	22	24
<b>8</b>	2	4	6	7	9	11	13	15	17	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
<b>9</b>	3	5	7	9	11	13	16	18	20	22	24	27	29	31	33	36
<b>10</b>	4	6	9	11	13	16	18	21	24	26	29	31	34	37	39	42
<b>11</b>	5	7	10	13	16	18	21	24	27	30	33	36	39	42	45	48
<b>12</b>	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	31	34	37	41	44	47	51	54
<b>13</b>	7	10	13	17	20	24	27	31	34	38	42	45	49	53	56	60
<b>14</b>	7	11	15	18	22	26	30	34	38	42	46	50	54	58	63	67
<b>15</b>	8	12	16	20	24	29	33	37	42	46	51	55	60	64	69	73
<b>16</b>	9	13	18	22	27	31	36	41	45	50	55	60	65	70	74	79
<b>17</b>	10	15	19	24	29	34	39	44	49	54	60	65	70	75	81	86
<b>18</b>	11	16	21	26	31	37	42	47	53	58	64	70	75	81	87	92
<b>19</b>	12	17	22	28	33	39	45	51	56	63	69	74	81	87	93	99
<b>20</b>	13	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	67	73	79	86	92	99	105

The calculated value must be equal to or less than the critical value in this table for significance to be shown.

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### Wilcoxon Signed Ranks test process

- Calculate the difference between two scores by taking one from the other
- Rank the differences giving the smallest difference Rank 1

Note: do not rank any differences of 0 and when adding the number of scores, do not count those with a difference of 0, and ignore the signs when calculating the difference

- Add up the ranks for positive differences
- Add up the ranks for negative differences
- T is the figure that is the smallest when the ranks are totalled (may be positive or negative)
- N is the number of scores left, ignore those with 0 difference

### Critical values for the Wilcoxon Signed Ranks test

<i>n</i>	Level of significance for a one-tailed test		
	0.05	0.025	0.01
	Level of significance for a two-tailed test		
	0.1	0.05	0.02
N=5	0	–	–
6	2	0	–
7	3	2	0
8	5	3	1
9	8	5	3
10	11	8	5
11	13	10	7
12	17	13	9

The calculated value must be equal to or less than the critical value in this table for significance to be shown.



SECTION A: CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGY

Answer ALL questions.

1 In your studies of clinical psychology you will have learned about one of the following disorders:

- Anorexia nervosa
- Obsessive-compulsive disorder (OCD)
- Unipolar depression.

(a) State **three** symptoms of the disorder you have learned about.

(3)

Disorder .....

1 .....

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2 .....

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(b) Explain **one** strength and **one** weakness of one biological explanation of your chosen disorder.

(4)

Strength

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Weakness

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(Total for Question 1 = 7 marks)



P 5 7 0 6 4 A 0 9 5 6

- 2 Victoria is upset as she finds it hard to leave the house as she is scared of birds. Whenever she leaves the house she is highly anxious in case a bird is nearby, and she has previously run across the road without looking for cars to avoid a bird.

Victoria is unable to work because of her fear of birds, causing her to feel upset as she cannot buy her children toys. This has led to her having suicidal thoughts and feeling that her children would be better off without her.

- (a) Describe how distress **and** danger could be used to diagnose Victoria as having a mental health disorder.

(3)

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(2)

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**Turn over** ►

3 Nancy carried out an experiment to see the effects of sensory deprivation on the number of hallucinations participants reported.

Participants were split into two groups:

- Condition A: Participants had no sensory information for 10 minutes
- Condition B: Participants had no sensory information for 60 minutes.

Nancy totalled the number of hallucinations each participant reported. She then carried out a Mann-Whitney U test on her data.

(a) State **two** reasons why Nancy selected a Mann-Whitney U test to use on her data.

(2)

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(b) Nancy's results are shown in **Table 1**.

Complete **Table 1** and calculate the Mann-Whitney U for the data in **Table 1**. You must give your answer to **one** decimal place.

(4)

Condition A after 10 minutes of sensory deprivation		Condition B after 60 minutes of sensory deprivation	
Number of reported hallucinations	Rank	Number of reported hallucinations	Rank
0	1	3	6.5
2	4	6	9
1	2	9	10
3	6.5	4	8
2	4	2	4
<b>Total</b>		<b>Total</b>	

**Table 1**

**SPACE FOR CALCULATIONS**

$U_a =$  .....

$U_b =$  .....

$U =$  .....

**(Total for Question 3 = 6 marks)**



P 5 7 0 6 4 A 0 1 3 5 6

- 4** George is a clinical psychologist who works in a psychiatric hospital. He had a patient referred to him six months ago and read the detailed notes from the doctor who made the referral.

George has since spoken to the patient every day about their thoughts and behaviours. He also asked the patient to carry out some problem-solving tasks to see how the disorder may have been affecting their cognitive abilities.

George has decided to carry out a case study on the patient to publish in a medical journal.

Discuss how George could carry out a case study on his patient. You must make reference to the context in your answer.

(8)

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(Total for Question 4 = 8 marks)

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5 Assess how far culture can lead to individual differences in mental health disorders. (8)

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(Total for Question 5 = 8 marks)



**6** Michael has just been diagnosed with schizophrenia. His symptoms include hearing voices telling him what to do, and not being able to put his thoughts into a logical sense. Michael also has a lack of energy and has withdrawn from his friends.

Michael's doctor says that his schizophrenia is due to his neurotransmitters. His mother thinks it is due to genetics as she also has schizophrenia. His father, however, thinks it is due to Michael taking illegal drugs such as phencyclidine (PCP, 'angel dust').

To what extent can Michael's schizophrenia be explained by the function of his neurotransmitters? You must make reference to the context in your answer.

(20)



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(Total for Question 6 = 20 marks)

**TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 54 MARKS**



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## SECTION B

Answer questions from ONE option in this section.

Indicate which question you are answering by marking a cross ☐. If you change your mind, put a line through the box ☒ and then indicate your new question with a cross ☐.

If you answer the questions in Option 1 put a cross in the box ☐.

### OPTION 1: CRIMINOLOGICAL PSYCHOLOGY

Answer ALL questions.

- 7 Rose witnessed a robbery at a bank. Whilst she was waiting to give her statement to the police she was in a room with other witnesses to the robbery. Rose gave an interview to the police at the bank.

When she went home a report of the robbery was on the local news where they mentioned that a weapon had been used. One week later the police asked Rose to go to the police station to give a second interview as they wanted to clarify a few points about the robbery.

- (a) Describe how post-event information may have affected Rose's testimony of the robbery.

(3)

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P 5 7 0 6 4 A 0 2 5 5 6

- (b) The police carried out a cognitive interview with Rose when she was at the police station.

Describe how the police may have carried out a cognitive interview with Rose.

(4)

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**(Total for Question 7 = 7 marks)**





- 8 Marya carried out a field experiment to investigate whether cognitive-behavioural treatment was effective for treating offenders in prison and reducing their reoffending rates. She compared one group of offenders who had cognitive-behavioural treatment (Condition A) with a group of offenders who received no treatment (Condition B).

Marya collected the reoffending rates for the participants in each condition six months after the offenders were released from prison.

Marya's results are shown in **Table 2**.

Condition A Reoffending rates for those who received cognitive-behavioural treatment	Condition B Reoffending rates for those who received no treatment
0	3
1	2
3	4
2	5
0	3
0	2
2	1
1	5
1	6
0	4
Range = 3	Range =

**Table 2**

- (a) Calculate the range of Condition B and complete **Table 2** with your answer.

(1)

**SPACE FOR CALCULATIONS**



P 5 7 0 6 4 A 0 2 7 5 6

(b) Marya used the mean as a measure of central tendency.

Explain why Marya used the mean rather than the mode in her field experiment.

(2)

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(c) Explain **one** improvement Marya could make to her field experiment.

(2)

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(Total for Question 8 = 5 marks)

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9 Evaluate the classic study by Loftus and Palmer (1974).

(8)

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(Total for Question 9 = 8 marks)



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You must make reference to the context in your answer.

(16)



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**(Total for Question 10 = 16 marks)**

**TOTAL FOR SECTION B OPTION 1 = 36 MARKS**



## OPTION 2: CHILD PSYCHOLOGY

If you answer the questions in Option 2 put a cross in the box ☒ .

Answer ALL questions.

- 11** Donna is six months old. Her mother, Rose, decides to place Donna in day care. She places Donna in a nursery where there are other children of the same age and a variety of activities available for Donna to take part in. The manager of the nursery has a professional qualification in childcare.

(a) Using research, describe the advantages for Donna of attending day care.

(3)

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P 5 7 0 6 4 A 0 3 5 5 6

(b) Describe what Rose could have considered when selecting a nursery that provides good quality day care.

(4)

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(Total for Question 11 = 7 marks)

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- 12** Marya carried out a questionnaire to investigate whether a new therapy was effective for children with autism. She wanted to see if it would improve their social skills and help them socialise more. She compared one group of children with autism who had the new therapy (Condition A) with a group of children with autism who received no therapy (Condition B).

Marya collected the data from the questionnaire filled in by the parents of the children six months after the therapy ended. The higher the score on the questionnaire, the more difficult it was to socialise.

Marya's results are shown in **Table 3**.

Condition A	Condition B
Score on the questionnaire for those who received the new therapy	Score on the questionnaire for those who received no therapy
0	3
1	2
3	4
2	5
0	3
0	2
2	1
1	5
1	6
0	4
Range = 3	Range =

**Table 3**

- (a) Calculate the range of Condition B and complete **Table 3** with your answer.

(1)

**SPACE FOR CALCULATIONS**



P 5 7 0 6 4 A 0 3 7 5 6

- (b) Marya used the mean as a measure of central tendency when analysing the results of her questionnaire.

Explain why Marya used the mean rather than the mode when analysing the results of her questionnaire.

(2)

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- (c) Explain **one** improvement Marya could make to her investigation.

(2)

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(Total for Question 12 = 5 marks)



13 Evaluate the classic study by van IJzendoorn and Kroonenberg (1988).

(8)

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(Total for Question 13 = 8 marks)

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(Total for Question 14 = 16 marks)

**TOTAL FOR SECTION B OPTION 2 = 36 MARKS**



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**Answer ALL questions.**

- (a) Describe how Rose could carry out her anti-drugs campaign.

(4)

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

- (b) Rose wanted to see whether her anti-drugs campaign was effective. She collected quantitative and qualitative data from her target population.

Describe how Rose could analyse her data to see if her anti-drugs campaign was effective.

(3)

**(Total for Question 15 = 7 marks)**



- 16** Marya has carried out a study to investigate whether a new treatment was effective for people addicted to alcohol. She wanted to see if it would stop them drinking alcohol. She compared the participants who had the new treatment (Condition A) with the participants who received no treatment (Condition B).

Marya recorded the number of alcoholic drinks consumed in a week six months after the treatment ended.

Marya's results are shown in **Table 4**.

<b>Condition A</b> Number of alcoholic drinks in a week for those who received the new treatment	<b>Condition B</b> Number of alcoholic drinks in a week for those who received no treatment
0	3
1	2
3	4
2	5
0	3
0	2
2	1
1	5
1	6
0	4
<b>Range = 3</b>	<b>Range =</b>

**Table 4**

- (a) Calculate the range of Condition B and complete **Table 4** with your answer.

(1)

**SPACE FOR CALCULATIONS**



P 5 7 0 6 4 A 0 4 7 5 6



(b) Marya used the mean as a measure of central tendency.

Explain why Marya used the mean rather than the mode in her study.

(2)

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(c) Explain **one** improvement Marya could make to her study.

(2)

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(Total for Question 16 = 5 marks)

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17 Evaluate the classic study by Olds and Milner (1954).

(8)

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(Total for Question 17 = 8 marks)

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(Total for Question 18 = 16 marks)

**TOTAL FOR SECTION B OPTION 3 = 36 MARKS**

**TOTAL FOR PAPER = 90 MARKS**



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